



10TH SSC MCQ - CH - POLITICAL PARTIES

DATE: _____

TIME: 17 Min

MARKS: 17

SEAT NO:

--	--	--	--	--	--

Note:-

1. All Questions are compulsory.
2. Numbers on the right indicate full marks.

- Q.1 The use of EVM machines started from the decade of (1)
- A) 1919 B) 1990
C) 1890 D) 1980

Ans : B

- Q.2 Initially regional identities gave rise to the _____ movement. (1)
- A) Civil Disobedience B) religious
C) separatist D) communist

Ans : C

- Q.3 The Bharatiya Janata Party gives importance to _____ reforms. (1)
- A) social B) economic
C) cultural D) educational

Ans : B

- Q.4 The Committee Party works for the welfare of laborers and _____. (1)
- A) workers B) capitalist
C) industrialist D) minorities

Ans : A

- Q.5 The Indian National Congress was established in _____. (1)
- A) 1895 B) 1885
C) 1947 D) 1950

Ans : B

- Q.6 When many political parties compete for political power and more or less they are equally influential the party system is called _____. (1)
- A) single party system B) dual party system
C) two party system D) multi-party system

Ans : D

- Q.7 Different parties come together to form _____ governments. (1)
- A) coalition B) opposition
C) responsible D) communist

Ans : A

- Q.8 The post-independence era was described as Era of '_____ Dominant Party System.' (1)
- A) Double B) Single
C) Triple D) No

Ans : B

- Q.9 The parties which do not get majority act as _____ parties. (1)
A) observation B) supervision
C) opposition D) standing
Ans : C
- Q.10 The political party which gets _____ in the elections, forms the government. (1)
A) majority B) minority
C) famous D) support
Ans : A
- Q.11 Political parties prepare their party's _____ on the basis of party's ideology (1)
A) agenda B) rules
C) meetings D) gatherings
Ans : A
- Q.12 Social support received by a political party is called the _____ of a political party. (1)
A) mass base B) pillar
C) back up D) active base
Ans : A
- Q.13 Political parties have their own _____. (1)
A) competition B) relations
C) ideology D) institutions
Ans : C
- Q.14 The main objective of the political party is to achieve _____. (1)
A) status B) recognition
C) fame D) power
Ans : D
- Q.15 Justice Party a non-Brahmin movement was transformed into _____ Political Party. (1)
A) Assam Gan Parishad B) Shivsena
C) Dravid Munnetra Kazhagam D) Communist party of India
Ans : C
- Q.16 National Conference is a party in _____ State. (1)
A) Orissa B) Assam
C) Bihar D) Jammu and Kashmir
Ans : D
- Q.17 When people come together and participate in electoral process, to acquire political power, such organisations are called _____. (1)
A) Government B) Society
C) Political parties D) Social organisations
Ans : C